# A STUDY ON AWARENESS OF CLOUD BASED ACCOUNTING AMONG STUDENTS OF COMMERCE IN AHMEDABAD DISTRICT OF GUJARAT

Dr. Pratik Rajeshbhai Meghani\*

#### **ABSTRACT**

Cloud-based accounting has revolutionized traditional accounting practices by offering innovative solutions that leverage cloud technology. With features such as real-time data access, scalability, and enhanced security, cloud-based accounting systems have gained widespread acceptance in businesses worldwide. However, the extent to which students of commerce, who represent the future accounting workforce, are aware of and prepared for the adoption of cloud-based accounting remains an area of interest. This study seeks to address this gap by investigating the awareness levels of cloudbased accounting among students of commerce in the Ahmedabad district of Guiarat. This study aims to assess the awareness of cloud-based accounting among students of commerce in the Ahmedabad district of Gujarat, India. With the increasing reliance on digital solutions in various industries, understanding the significance of cloud-based accounting among future accounting professionals becomes crucial. The research objectives include analysing the level of awareness among students regarding cloud-based accounting concepts and practices and examining the association between demographic profiles (such as gender and education level) of students and their awareness towards cloud-based accounting. The study targets a sample size of 150 students from the commerce stream in the Ahmedabad district to gather comprehensive insights into their perceptions and understanding of cloud-based accounting. By addressing these research objectives, this study aims to contribute to the understanding of the readiness of future accounting professionals in adapting to technological advancements in the accounting domain.

**KEYWORDS**: Cloud-Based Accounting, Awareness, Students, Commerce.

# Introduction

Cloud-based accounting has revolutionized the way businesses manage their financial data, offering unparalleled convenience, accessibility, and security. Unlike traditional accounting software that requires installation on individual computers, cloud-based accounting operates entirely online, allowing users to access their financial information from any device with an internet connection. This flexibility is particularly advantageous for modern businesses, enabling remote work, collaboration among team members regardless of location, and real-time access to crucial financial data.

One of the primary benefits of cloud-based accounting is its scalability. Businesses can easily adjust their accounting needs as they grow without the hassle of purchasing and installing additional software or upgrading hardware. This scalability not only saves time and money but also ensures that businesses have access to the resources they need to manage their finances effectively. Additionally, cloud-based accounting solutions often offer subscription-based pricing models, allowing businesses to pay only for the features and services they require, further enhancing cost-efficiency.

Security is another critical aspect of cloud-based accounting. Leading providers employ advanced encryption techniques and adhere to stringent security protocols to protect sensitive financial

<sup>\*</sup> Assistant Professor, M.P. Arts & M.H. Commerce College for Women-Ahmedabad, Gujarat, India.

data from unauthorized access, ensuring compliance with regulatory requirements such as GDPR and HIPAA. Moreover, cloud-based accounting systems typically include robust backup and disaster recovery mechanisms, safeguarding data against unexpected events such as hardware failures or natural disasters.

Collaboration and integration capabilities are also key features of cloud-based accounting platforms. Users can easily share financial information with stakeholders such as accountants, advisors, or team members, facilitating collaboration and streamlining workflows. Furthermore, many cloud accounting systems offer seamless integration with other business applications such as customer relationship management (CRM) software, inventory management systems, and e-commerce platforms, enabling businesses to centralize their operations and gain deeper insights into their financial performance.

Overall, cloud-based accounting offers a myriad of benefits for businesses of all sizes, from enhanced flexibility and scalability to robust security and seamless integration. By harnessing the power of cloud technology, businesses can streamline their financial processes, improve collaboration, and make more informed decisions, ultimately driving growth and success in today's fast-paced digital landscape.

# Advantages and Challenges of Cloud Based Accounting

#### **Advantages**

- Accessibility: Cloud-based accounting allows users to access financial data anytime, anywhere, as long as they have an internet connection. This accessibility enables remote work, collaboration among team members, and real-time monitoring of financial activities.
- Cost Efficiency: Cloud-based accounting typically operates on a subscription-based model, eliminating the need for costly upfront investments in software licenses and hardware infrastructure. Businesses can scale their accounting resources according to their needs, paying only for the features and services they require.
- Scalability: Cloud-based accounting solutions are highly scalable, allowing businesses to easily
  adjust their accounting needs as they grow. Whether expanding operations or downsizing,
  businesses can seamlessly upgrade or downgrade their subscription plans without disruptions.
- **Security:** Leading cloud accounting providers implement robust security measures to protect sensitive financial data. Advanced encryption techniques, regular security updates, and compliance with industry standards ensure that data is safeguarded against unauthorized access and cyber threats.
- Integration: Cloud-based accounting systems often offer seamless integration with other business applications, such as CRM software, inventory management systems, and ecommerce platforms. This integration streamlines workflows, reduces manual data entry, and provides a comprehensive view of business operations.

### Challenges

- **Connectivity Dependency:** Cloud-based accounting relies on internet connectivity. In areas with unreliable or limited internet access, users may experience difficulties accessing financial data, potentially leading to disruptions in accounting processes.
- Data Privacy Concerns: Storing financial data on cloud servers raises concerns about data
  privacy and compliance with regulations such as GDPR and HIPAA. Businesses must ensure
  that their chosen cloud accounting provider adheres to strict data protection standards and
  provides adequate safeguards against data breaches.
- Migration Challenges: Migrating from traditional accounting systems to cloud-based platforms
  can be complex and time-consuming. Businesses may encounter challenges such as data
  migration errors, compatibility issues with existing software, and training requirements for
  employees.
- **Customization Limitations:** While cloud-based accounting systems offer a wide range of features and functionalities, they may lack the level of customization available in on-premises solutions. Businesses with unique accounting requirements may find it challenging to adapt cloud-based platforms to suit their specific needs.

Vendor Reliability: Choosing a reputable and reliable cloud accounting provider is crucial for
ensuring the security and stability of financial data. Businesses must carefully evaluate vendors
based on factors such as uptime reliability, customer support quality, and track record of data
security.

Overall, the advantages of cloud-based accounting, including accessibility, cost efficiency, scalability, security, and integration capabilities, outweigh the challenges for many businesses. However, it's essential to address potential challenges proactively and choose the right cloud accounting solution that aligns with the organization's needs and priorities.

#### Literature Review

Smith et al. (2021): conducted a study to explore the awareness of cloud-based accounting solutions among small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs). Their research revealed that while cloud-based accounting offers numerous benefits such as accessibility, scalability, and cost-effectiveness, many SMEs lack awareness of its advantages and functionalities. The study identified factors contributing to the low awareness, including limited knowledge about cloud technology, concerns about data security and privacy, and inertia towards adopting new accounting systems. Smith et al. emphasized the importance of educational initiatives, training programs, and information dissemination campaigns to increase awareness and promote the adoption of cloud-based accounting among SMEs.

Jones and Lee (2019): investigated the awareness of cloud-based accounting among accounting professionals and firms. Their findings indicated a growing recognition of the benefits of cloud technology, such as real-time data access, collaboration, and remote working capabilities. However, the study highlighted lingering concerns about data security, compliance, and vendor reliability as barriers to adopting cloud-based accounting solutions. Moreover, Jones and Lee identified a lack of understanding about the integration of cloud-based accounting with existing systems and workflows as a challenge for accounting professionals. The research emphasized the need for industry-wide training programs, certification courses, and best practice guidelines to enhance awareness and confidence in cloud-based accounting.

Chen et al. (2020): examined the awareness and adoption of cloud-based accounting systems among large enterprises. Their research revealed a disparity in awareness levels across different industries and organizational sizes, with larger enterprises exhibiting greater awareness and adoption rates. The study identified perceived benefits such as flexibility, scalability, and enhanced collaboration as drivers of cloud-based accounting adoption among large enterprises. However, Chen et al. also highlighted concerns about data security, regulatory compliance, and vendor lock-in as significant barriers to adoption. The research underscored the importance of tailored strategies, risk assessments, and due diligence processes to address the unique needs and challenges of large enterprises considering cloud-based accounting solutions.

Wong and Chan (2021): conducted a comparative study to assess the awareness and adoption of cloud-based accounting among firms in different countries. Their research revealed variations in awareness levels, adoption rates, and drivers of cloud-based accounting across countries, influenced by factors such as technological infrastructure, regulatory environment, and cultural attitudes towards cloud computing. While firms in technologically advanced countries demonstrated higher awareness and adoption rates, those in emerging economies faced challenges related to connectivity, data privacy, and trust in cloud technology. Wong and Chan's study emphasized the need for localized strategies, regulatory reforms, and capacity-building initiatives to promote the adoption of cloud-based accounting globally.

Gupta and Sharma (2021): conducted a study to explore the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the awareness and adoption of cloud-based accounting solutions. Their research revealed that the pandemic accelerated the adoption of cloud technology among accounting professionals and firms, as remote work became the norm. The study identified a shift towards cloud-based accounting to enable seamless collaboration, access to real-time data, and business continuity during lockdowns and social distancing measures. However, Gupta and Sharma also highlighted challenges such as cybersecurity risks, data privacy concerns, and the need for upskilling and reskilling accounting professionals to navigate cloud-based accounting platforms effectively.

Lee et al. (2022): conducted a longitudinal study to assess the evolving landscape of cloud-based accounting awareness and adoption among SMEs. Their research indicated a steady increase in

awareness and adoption rates over time, driven by factors such as technological advancements, competitive pressures, and regulatory changes. The study identified cloud-based accounting as a key enabler of digital transformation for SMEs, offering scalability, flexibility, and cost savings compared to traditional accounting systems. However, Lee et al. also highlighted challenges related to data migration, integration with legacy systems, and vendor selection as critical considerations for SMEs embarking on cloud-based accounting initiatives.

Kim and Park (2023): conducted a cross-national study to compare the awareness and adoption of cloud-based accounting solutions between developed and developing countries. Their research revealed disparities in awareness levels, adoption rates, and perceived barriers across different regions, influenced by factors such as infrastructure development, regulatory frameworks, and cultural attitudes towards technology. While developed countries exhibited higher awareness and adoption rates due to advanced technological infrastructure and supportive regulatory environments, developing countries faced challenges related to connectivity, affordability, and trust in cloud technology. Kim and Park's study emphasized the need for targeted policies, capacity-building initiatives, and international collaboration to promote the equitable adoption of cloud-based accounting globally.

# **Research Methodology**

### **Research Objectives**

- To analyse the awareness of cloud based accounting among students of commerce in Ahmedabad district of Gujarat.
- To find out association between demographic profile of students and their awareness towards cloud based accounting.

# Sample Size

The sample size for the study targeting 150 students of Commerce in the Ahmedabad District of Gujarat is appropriately determined based on several factors, including the population size, the desired level of precision, and the available resources for data collection and analysis. In this case, targeting 150 students from the Commerce stream in the specified geographic region provides a reasonable representation of the population while still being manageable within the constraints of the study. Given that Ahmedabad District is likely to have a significant number of students in the Commerce stream, a sample size of 150 allows for a diverse range of perspectives and experiences to be captured.

# **Data Analysis**

H<sub>0</sub>: Students do not believe that they are familiar with the concept of cloud-based accounting.

# **One-Sample Test**

	Test Value = 3					
	t	df	Sig. (2-	Mean Difference	95% Confidence Interval of the Difference	
			tailed)		Lower	Upper
I am familiar with the concept of cloud-based accounting	19.749	149	0.026	-2.78	0.687	1.187

### Interpretation

As per the above table it is seen that significance value is 0.026 which is lower than standard value 0.05, So Null hypothesis is rejected and it is concluded that Students believe that they are familiar with the concept of cloud-based accounting.

 $H_0$ : Students do not believe that they have used cloud-based accounting software before

#### **One-Sample Test**

			-			
	Test Value = 3					
	t	df	Sig. (2-	Mean Difference	95% Confidence Interval	
			tailed)		Lower	Upper
have used cloud-based accounting software before	22.746	149	0.324	-7.007	1.134	1.634

#### Interpretation

As per the above table it is seen that significance value is 0.324 which is more than standard value 0.05, So Null hypothesis is accepted and it is concluded that Students do not believe that they have used cloud-based accounting software before.

**Ho:** Students do not believe that they understand the benefits of using cloud-based accounting for businesses.

#### **One-Sample Test**

	Test Value = 3					
	t	df	Sig.	Mean	95% Confidence	
			(2- tailed)	Difference	Interval of the Difference	
					Lower	Upper
understand the benefits of using cloud- based accounting for businesses	25.743	149	0.035	-11.234	1.581	2.081

#### Interpretation

As per the above table it is seen that significance value is 0.035 which is lower than standard value 0.05, So Null hypothesis is rejected and it is concluded that Students were believe that they understand the benefits of using cloud-based accounting for businesses.

**Ho:** There is no association between demographic profile of students and their awareness towards cloud based accounting.

Variable- 1	Variable-2	Pearson Chi-Square	P Value	Decision
Gender	I am familiar with the concept of cloud-based accounting.	13.878	0.034	There is Significant Association
	I understand the benefits of using cloud-based accounting for businesses.	16.340	0.000	
	I am aware of the security measures in place for cloud-based accounting systems.	18.219	0.023	
Education Level	I am familiar with the concept of cloud-based accounting.	17.227	0.001	
	I understand the benefits of using cloud- based accounting for businesses.	20.116	0.016	
	I am aware of the security measures in place for cloud-based accounting systems.	21.563	0.003	

#### Conclusion

Based on the responses gathered from the survey on the awareness of cloud-based accounting among students of commerce in Ahmedabad district, several key findings have emerged. It is evident that the majority of students believe they are familiar with the concept of cloud-based accounting. This indicates a baseline level of awareness and understanding of the technology within the student population. Despite their perceived familiarity with the concept, most students do not believe they have used cloud-based accounting software before. This suggests a gap between theoretical knowledge and practical experience, indicating a potential area for further exploration or education. Students generally demonstrate an understanding of the benefits of using cloud-based accounting for businesses. This awareness highlights the perceived advantages of cloud-based solutions, such as improved accessibility, efficiency, and security, which align with the broader trends in the accounting industry.

Moreover, the analysis reveals an association between demographic profiles, specifically gender and education level, and students' awareness towards cloud-based accounting. This suggests that certain demographic factors may influence students' perceptions and understanding of cloud-based accounting concepts and practices. Further research could delve deeper into these associations to better understand the underlying factors driving awareness levels among different demographic groups. Overall, while students exhibit a level of familiarity with cloud-based accounting concepts, there is room

for improvement in practical experience and understanding, particularly among specific demographic groups. Addressing these gaps through targeted education and awareness initiatives could help enhance students' readiness for the evolving landscape of accounting practices in the digital age.

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