

ESG Disclosure and Corporate Accountability: An Analysis of Listed Companies

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Citation: Kanimozhi, K. & Ganesamurthy, K. (2026). ESG Disclosure and Corporate Accountability: An Analysis of Listed Companies. Journal of Modern Management & Entrepreneurship, 16(01), 99-104.

ABSTRACT

ESG disclosure provides a way for firms to inform the public about their sustainability initiatives while ensuring that they adhere to best business practices. The paper presents the findings of a research study focused on the connection between the level of corporate accountability among public companies and the level of ESG disclosure provided by those companies. Secondary sources (financial statements, ESG data, sustainability reporting) will be analyzed using statistical methods to examine the effect of ESG disclosure on corporate accountability as measured through corporate, non-corporate, and regulatory compliance. A SEM will also be employed to model the relationship between the three components of ESG with corporate accountability. Results indicate that firms increasing the amount of ESG disclosure create a positive effect on creating increased corporate accountability and stakeholder confidence.

Keywords: Disclosures of ESG, Accountability of Corporations, Sustainability, Environmental Performance, Social Responsibility, Governance of Corporations, Transparency, Engagement of Stakeholders, Reporting of BR&SR for Businesses, Public Companies.

Introduction

The rise of corporate accountability as a critical element of business responsibility has increased the expectations placed on business to operate profitably while demonstrating their environmental accountability, social responsibility and strong governance structures. The ESG framework of disclosure has become the primary mechanism by which companies provide information regarding their sustainability initiatives Performance to Stakeholders. Capital markets are heavily dependent upon public companies and there is an increasing requirement for these companies to disclose relevant environmental, social and governance (ESG) related data through ways such as sustainability reports, integrated reports and official regulatory filings. For example, the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) has implemented a framework in India to facilitate increased transparency on ESG issues by implementing the Business Responsibility and Sustainability Reporting (BRSR) framework.

The increasing importance of ESG disclosures has also led to academic research on how the extent of these disclosures actually impacts corporate accountability regulations. This research therefore focuses on various aspects of ESG disclosure amongst listed companies and how ESG disclosures contribute to greater levels of corporate accountability via utilisation of statistical analysis methods as well as SEM modeling.

Review of Literature

Eccles and Serafeim (2013): This study investigated the influence of sustainability disclosures on corporate performance. Companies that have implemented an effective ESG reporting practice generally function more transparently and ultimately have better long-term financial performance. They subsequently conclude that ESG disclosures can help strengthen the relationship between companies and their stakeholders.

Ioannis and Serafeim (2015): This paper evaluates the effect of mandatory ESG disclosures on corporate practice for multiple countries. They provide empirical evidence to support that regulatory mandates improve the level of ESG disclosures and prompt companies to adopt improved governance processes that are more responsible.

Amalendu Bhunia and Shilpi Das (2017) conducted a study on corporate governance disclosure in relation to financial transparency for listed stakeholders. The results of the research indicate that corporate governance will improve accountability of companies thus improving confidence with investors.

The Securities and Exchange Board of India (2021) created a framework for companies listed on the stock exchange while implementing Business Responsibility and Sustainability Reporting (BRSR). BRSR requires companies to disclose information about ESG (Environmental, Social, and Governance) related items such as environmental impacts, social initiatives and corporate governance structure, thereby increasing corporate transparency and accountability.

Klaus Schwab and World Economic Forum researchers (2020) stated that for companies to be held accountable they must report ESG metrics using a standardized format so that stakeholders can make informed decisions regarding sustainability of the company and business operation.

Guidelines provided through Global Reporting Initiative (GRI) indicate ESG reporting should include all areas of business operations so that companies can provide any interested parties a complete view of their sustainability efforts. Many multinational corporations utilize GRI standards to disclose information regarding their environmental practices.

Objectives of the Study

- Evaluate level of ESG disclosure occurring among listed companies.
- Examine relationship between ESG disclosure and corporate accountability indicators.
- Identify effect of environmental, social, and governance factors on the level of corporate Accountability using structural equation models (SEM).

Methodology of Research

Design of the Research

Using analytical research design, descriptive research design is used to study listing companies' ESG disclosure practices and corporate accountability.

Data Sources of the Research

This research was completed using data collected from the following:

- Listed Company Annual Reports
- Sustainability Reports
- ESG Databases
- Stock Exchange Disclosures
- Corporate Governance Reports

Sample Size of the Research

Thirty listed companies will be studied across different sectors such as manufacturing, information technology, banking, and energy.

Time frame in which the research Will Be Done

Research will involve the collection of data for a five-year period between 2021-2025.

Variables Used

Independent Variables

- Environmental Disclosure Score
- Social Disclosure Score
- Governance Disclosure Score

Dependent Variable

- Corporate Accountability Index
- Statistical Tools Utilized
 - Percentages
 - Means & Standard Deviations
 - Correlations
 - Regression Analysis
 - Structural Equation Modeling (SEM)

Environmental Disclosure Scores of Listed Companies (2021–2025)

Year	Carbon Emission Disclosure	Energy Efficiency	Waste Management	Environmental Score
2021	64	66	68	66
2022	68	70	72	70
2023	72	74	76	74
2024	76	78	80	78
2025	80	82	84	82

Source: secondary data

Interpretation: Environmental disclosure among listed companies shows continuous improvement during the period.

Table 2: Social Disclosure Scores (2021–2025)

Year	Employee Welfare	Community Development	Diversity & Inclusion	Social Score
2021	65	67	66	66
2022	69	70	68	69
2023	73	74	72	73
2024	77	78	76	77
2025	81	82	80	81

Source: secondary data

Interpretation: Social disclosure scores increased steadily, indicating improved reporting on employee welfare, community development, and diversity initiatives.

Table 3: Governance Disclosure Scores (2021–2025)

Year	Board Independence	Ethical Practices	Transparency	Governance Score
2021	70	72	73	72
2022	73	75	76	75
2023	77	79	80	79
2024	81	83	84	83
2025	85	87	88	87

Source: secondary data

Interpretation: Governance disclosure shows continuous growth, reflecting stronger board independence, ethical practices, and transparency.

Table 4: Corporate Accountability Indicators

Year	Transparency	Stakeholder Engagement	Regulatory Compliance	Accountability Index
2021	66	64	67	66
2022	70	69	71	70
2023	74	73	75	74
2024	78	77	79	78
2025	83	82	84	83

Source: secondary data

Interpretation: Corporate accountability increased over the years, showing improvements in transparency, stakeholder engagement, and regulatory compliance.

Table 5: Overall ESG Score (2021–2025)

Year	Environmental	Social	Governance	ESG Average
2021	66	66	72	68
2022	70	69	75	71
2023	74	73	79	75
2024	78	77	83	79
2025	82	81	87	83

Source: secondary data

Interpretation: The ESG average score shows a consistent upward trend, indicating stronger sustainability and governance practices.

Table 6: Sector-wise ESG Disclosure (Average 2021–2025)

Sector	Environmental	Social	Governance	ESG Score
IT Sector	76	78	82	79
Banking Sector	72	74	80	75
Manufacturing	70	71	74	72
Energy Sector	78	75	77	77

Source: secondary data

Interpretation: The IT sector shows the highest ESG performance, while manufacturing records comparatively lower ESG disclosure.

Table 7: Mean and Standard Deviation

Variable	Mean	Standard Deviation
Environmental Disclosure	74	6.2
Social Disclosure	73	5.9
Governance Disclosure	79	6.5
Corporate Accountability	74	6.0

Source: secondary data

Interpretation: Governance disclosure has the highest mean value, indicating stronger governance reporting among listed companies.

Table 8: Correlation Matrix

Variables	ENV	SOC	GOV	CA
Environmental	1	0.72	0.69	0.75
Social	0.72	1	0.74	0.78
Governance	0.69	0.74	1	0.81
Corporate Accountability	0.75	0.78	0.81	1

Interpretation: There is a **strong positive correlation** between ESG disclosure and corporate accountability.

Table 9: Regression Analysis

Variable	Beta	t-value	Significance
Environmental Disclosure	0.35	3.91	Significant
Social Disclosure	0.38	4.15	Significant
Governance Disclosure	0.45	4.92	Significant

Interpretation: Regression results indicate that environmental, social, and governance disclosures significantly influence corporate accountability.

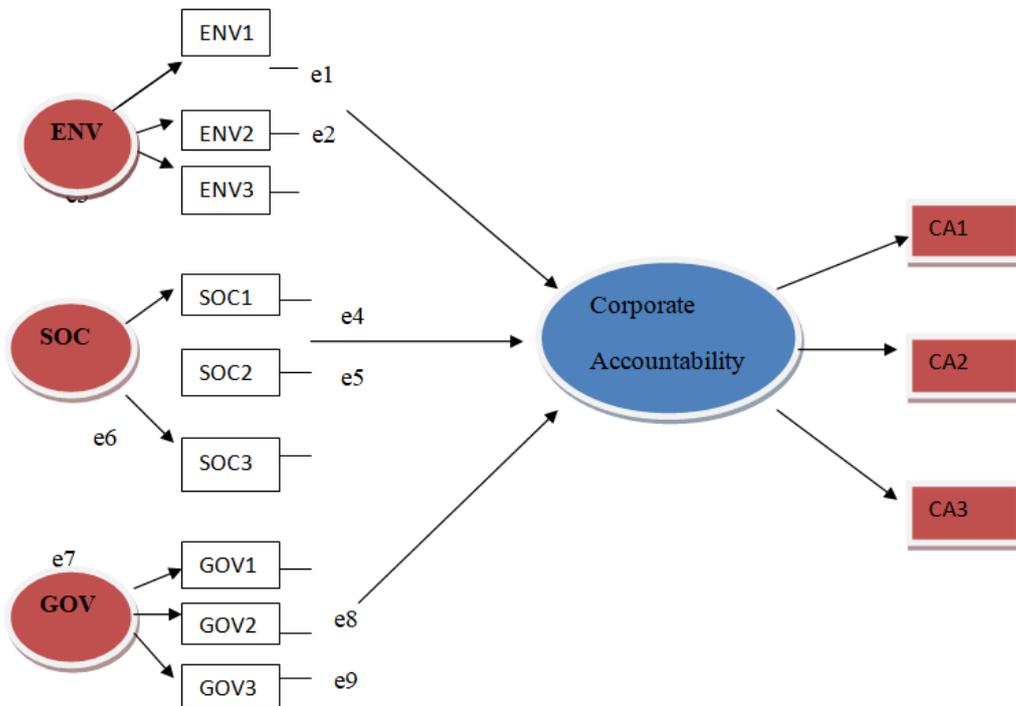
Table 10: SEM Path Coefficients

Relationship	Coefficient	Result
Environmental → Corporate Accountability	0.37	Significant
Social → Corporate Accountability	0.41	Significant
Governance → Corporate Accountability	0.48	Significant

Interpretation: SEM results confirm that ESG disclosure positively and significantly affects corporate accountability.

SEM Model Fit Results

Fit Index	Value	Recommended Value
CFI	0.94	>0.90
RMSEA	0.05	<0.08
GFI	0.92	>0.90



CFI = .94
 RMSEA = .05
 GFI = .92

Findings

According to the findings of the report on international corporate social responsibility, there will likely be an increase in the amount of ESG disclosures in 2021-2025. There is an apparent link between ESG factors and corporate accountability. The impact of governance (G) disclosures is stronger than other ESG factors on corporate accountability.

Suggestions

- Improve their transparency of their ESG disclosures in their annual and sustainability reports.
- Build on their existing practices for social responsibility and environmental responsibility.
- Implement strong governance policies to improve accountability.

Conclusion

The study concluded that ESG disclosures enhance corporate accountability of publicly listed corporations. Effective ESG accounting practices enhance transparency, trust by stakeholders in the corporation, and encourage responsible behaviors by the corporation. Therefore companies should integrate ESG components into the company's business model in order to obtain sustainable and accountable growth.

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